

Menstrual Losses.

Dr Julius Heitzmann reports the employment of Pepto-Mangan with much success in chlorosis and in cases of anæmia in girls and women due to loss of blood, menorrhagia, metrorrhagia, inflammation of the pelvic organs, peri—and parametritis or prolonged leucorrhœa. He says: "In almost every instance I observed within a short time increase of appetite, improved nutrition, healthier color of the face and increase of weight. I was surprised to learn how much more readily the Pepto-Mangan was taken than similar preparations, without ill-effects even after protracted use."—*Allgem. Wiener Med. Zeitung.*

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Dr. Otto Roen says that all the chalybeates hitherto in use do not satisfy the chief requirement, namely, a neutral reaction, and lack one important factor so necessary in the treatment of chlorosis and anæmia, namely, manganese. In **Pepto-Mangan (Gude)** it has been found possible to unite all the advantages and eliminate all the disadvantages of ferruginous preparations. As seen from the published literature—which he reviews—clinical experiments extending over ten years have proved it the iron preparation par excellence, the only one in which manganese plays a prominent part as an oxygen carrier to the blood.